WHAT IS CLAIMED AS NEW AND IS INTENDED TO BE SECURED BY LETTERS PATENT IS:

1. A silica comprising at least two silica fractions, wherein said at least two silica fractions differ by at least 10% in at least one value for BET surface area, CTAB surface area and DBP absorption, the ranges of these three physicochemical properties being as follows:

BET surface area

 $100 - 900 \,\mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{g}$

CTAB surface area

 $100 - 500 \,\mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{g}$

DBP absorption

150 - 350 g/100 g.

- 2. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, which is in the form of particles having an average diameter of more than 80 μ m.
- 3. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the respective proportion of one silica fraction in the silica ranges from 5 to 95% by weight.
 - 4. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, which is hydrophobicized.
- 5. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein at least one silica fraction is hydrophobicized.
- 6. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein one or more silica fractions comprise a precipitated silica.
- 7. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating a silicate with an acid and the resulting precipitation suspensions are mixed.
- 8. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating silicate with an acid, the precipitation suspension is filtered, and the resulting filtercakes are mixed.

- 9. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating silicate with an acid, the filtercakes or ready-dried silica are liquefied, and the resulting suspensions are mixed.
- 10. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein one or more silica fractions comprise a pyrogenic silica.
- 11. The silica as claimed in Claim 1, wherein the silica fractions are mixed in the dried state.
 - 12. A process for preparing silicas comprising at least two silica fractions, which comprises:

mixing at least two silica fractions with one another which differ by at least 10% in at least one value for the BET surface area, the CTAB surface area and the DBP absorption.

- 13. The process as claimed in Claim 12, wherein the silica is in the form of particles having an average diameter of more than 80 μ m.
- 14. The process as claimed in Claim 12, wherein the values of the physicochemical properties of the silica are as follows:

BET surface area

 $100 - 900 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$

CTAB surface area

 $100 - 500 \,\mathrm{m}^2/\mathrm{g}$

DBP absorption

150 - 350 g/100 g.

- 15. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the respective proportion of one silica fraction in the silica ranges from 5 to 95% by weight.
 - 16. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the silica is hydrophobicized.
- 17. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein at least one silica fraction is hydrophobicized.

- 18. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein one or more silica fractions comprise a precipitated silica.
- 19. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating silicate with an acid and the resulting precipitation suspensions are mixed.
- 20. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating silicate with an acid, the precipitation suspension is filtered, and the resulting filtercakes are mixed.
- 21. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the silica fractions are prepared by precipitating silicate with an acid, the filtercakes or ready-dried silica are liquefied, and the resulting suspensions are mixed.
- 22. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein one or more silica fractions comprise a pyrogenic silica.
- 23. The process as claimed in Claim 13, wherein the silica fractions are mixed in the dried state.
 - 24. A method of supporting a substance, comprising:

supporting said substance on the silica as claimed in Claim 1 as carrier or support material.

25. A method of supporting a substance, comprising:

supporting vitamins, vitamin acetates, choline chloride, proteins or enzymes on the silica as claimed in Claim 1 as a carrier.

26. A method of supporting a catalytically active substance, comprising:

supporting said catalytically active substance on the silica as claimed in Claim 1 as a carrier.